MUSIC

SYMPHONY HALL Sergei Rachmaninoff

Sergei Rachmaninoff

Sergei Rachmaninoff devoted himself to playing music inspired by fantasy at his recital in Symphony Hall last evening. It was the great Russian planist's first appearance of the season here, and the opening recital of the series of six to be offered on Wednesday evenings by the Symphony Hall management. A very large audience was present.

Scriabine's Sonata Fantaisie, op 19, with which the recital began, was interesting more for Mr Rachmaninoff's playing than for its own intrinciomerit. It is Chopinesque in style and not particularly distinguished in material. But Mr Rachmininoff has the divine gift of musical poetry, and with this he strikes fire in more than one place which time has reduced to faintly glowing embers. This was as strikingly illustrated in the planist's beautiful and delicate interpretation of Chopin's fantasy, op 49, a piece which has been beaten beyond recognition in a thousand performances under the merciless fists of Herr Pounder and

ingly illustrated in the planist's beautiful and delicate interpretation of
Chopin's fantasy, op 49, a piece which
has been beaten beyond recognition in
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merciless fists of Herr Pounder and
Mme Thumpemhard. Last night the
piece took on new life, and a warmth
and glow that ordinarily are lacking.
Liszt's Fantasia Quasi Sonata was
probably the most novel piece on the
program. It constitutes an item in
the second "year" of Liszt's op 35,
called "Years of Pilgrimage," and
was written in Bellagio, Italy. More
or less programmatic, it is the musical
distillation of the emotions Liszt felt
after he and his companion, the Countess D'Agoult, had read Dante. The
Fantasia lacks the breadth and grandeur of the B minor sonata, but is
comparable to the latter work in its
peculiar blend of empty grandiloquence
and genuine poetry. The course of
musical history might have been
changed and the name Liszt might
now be held in greater esteem if he
had consistently maintained the lyrical heights he achieved in the middle
slow section of this work. The Fantasia is thoroughly a virtuoso piece,
full of martellato octaves and running chords in 16th notes in the presto
section. Mr Rachmaninoff played it
with a dash and brilliance which set
feet to stamping in the auditorium and
aroused handclapping which brought
him back to the stage again and
again. It was a rare treat to hear
this music performed in such perfect
style.

The extreme clarity and depth of Mr
Rachmaninoff's tone were revealed in
Schumann's "Phantasiestucke" and a
C major Fantaisie by Haydn. The
rubato accorded to the adagio and allegretto of Beethoven's "Moonlight"
sonata did not seem in keeping with
the flowing rhythmic character of those
movements, but the concluding presto
agitato was as fiery and tempestuous
as could be desired.

There is mo artist of the piano quite
like Mr Rachmaninoff. Listeners are
apt to take prodigious technical powers for granted, but they should never
think carelessly of the individuality of
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